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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-8

PART III

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5. Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	1/1/02	AND ENDING _	12/31/02
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. RI	EGISTRANT IDENTIF	TCATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:			
March Capital Corp.			OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF BRINGIBAL BLAST OF BU	CINTERC. (D D. O.	Day Man	FIRM ID. NO.
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BU 140 S. Dearborn Street, Suite 32		Box No.)	
	(No. and Street)		
Chicago	IL		60603
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF F	PERSON TO CONTACT I	N REGARD TO THI	S REPORT
Richard J. Rice, President			(312) 640-0480
			(Area Code — Telephone No.)
B. AC	COUNTANT IDENTI	FICATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT	whose opinion is contained	in this Report*	
Ravid & Bernstein LLP			
(Na	ume — if individual, state last, first, mi	iddle name)	
230 W. Monroe Street, Suite 330	Chicago	IL	60606
(Address)	(City)	(State)	Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			PPACECOER
₹ Certified Public Accountant			PROCESSED
☐ Public Accountant ☐ Accountant not resident in United	d States or any of its posse.	ssions.	MAR 1 8 2003
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONL'	Y	THOMSON
		M,	FINANCIAL

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

		, swear (or affirm) that, to the statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
March Capital Corp.		, as of
December 31	, XX 2002, are true and co	errect. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company
nor any partner, proprietor, princi a customer, except as follows:	ipal officer or director has any	proprietary interest in any account classified soley as that of
FFICIAL SI	EAL 🗎	1 Sul / Zue
PATRICIA A RI ** notary fuelic, staye ** my consuberon expire	of illinois } 8:03/06/06 ≷	Signature Signature
Patricia A.	holes	Title

This report** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- X (1) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- X (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

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RAVID & BERNSTEIN LLP

Certified Public Accountants

- John V. Basso, CPA
- Mark T. Jason, CPA
- Phillip C. Ravid, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Board of Directors March Capital Corp. Chicago, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of March Capital Corp. (the Company) as of December 31, 2002, and the related statements of operations and changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2002, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained on pages 10 and11 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

February 13, 2003

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Ried & Berstein LLP

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

DECEMBER 31, 2002

ASSETS

Cash		\$ 10,550
Commissions and fees receivable		52,829
Prepaid expenses		3,123
		\$ 66,502
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S	EQUITY	
Liabilities:		
Commissions payable	\$ 44,043	
Illinois replacement tax payable	3,189	\$ 47,232
Stockholder's Equity		
Common stock, 200 shares authorized: 100 shares issued	1,000	
Additional paid-in capital	6,217	
Retained earnings	12,053	19,270
		\$ 66,502

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

COMMISSION AND FEE INCOME		\$ 1,158,227
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Salaries: Officer/stockholder Other Payroll taxes and benefits	\$ 192,743 678,447 39,824	
	911,014	
Bank charges Entertainment/promotion Travel Office expense	378 9,141 308 5,540	
Parking/transportation Postage and delivery Rent Professional fees	1,816 1,180 6,000 10,073	
Regulatory and other fees Communication Continued education Illinois replacement tax	9,552 7,307 216 3,189	
		965,714
NET INCOME		\$ 192,513

See Notes to Financial Statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

	Common Stock		Additional				
	No. of Shares	Amount		aid-in apital		Retained Earnings	 Total
Balance, December 31, 2001	10	\$ 1,000	\$	6,217	\$	21,389	\$ 28,606
Stockholder distributions						(201,849)	(201,849)
Net income					_	192,513	192,513
Balance, December 31, 2002	10	\$ 1,000	_\$_	6,217	_\$_	12,053	\$ 19,270_

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

OPERATIONS:		
Net income	\$ 192,513	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operations:		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Decrease in commissions and fees receivable	17,729	
Increase in prepaid expenses	(353)	
Decrease in advances	6,250	
Decrease in commissions payable	(15,642)	
Decrease in accrued payroll	(12)	
Decrease in Illinois replacement tax payable	 (33)	
Net cash provided by operations		\$ 200,452
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Stockholder distributions		(201,849)
NET DECREASE IN CASH		(1,397)
CASH DECINING OF YEAR		11 047
CASH, BEGINNING OF YEAR		11,947
CASH, END OF YEAR		\$ 10,550
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW DISCLOSURE:		
Cash paid during the year for income taxes		\$ 3,222
Cash paid during the year for interest		\$ -

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Nature of Operations:

March Capital Corp. (Company) is an Illinois corporation registered as a broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), specializing in private placements and offerings devoted substantially to real estate and related ventures located in the Chicago area. The Company is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. (NASD).

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

a. Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

b. Income Taxes:

Since the Company has elected to be taxed as an "S Corporation", there is no Federal income tax at the corporate level. Income flows through, and is taxed to the sole stockholder. The Company is, however, subject to Illinois replacement tax.

3. Net Capital Requirements:

The Company is subject to the SEC Uniform Net Capital Rule (15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2002, the Company had net capital of \$16,147, which was \$11,147 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to Net Capital was 2.93 to 1 at December 31, 2002.

4. Significant Clients:

For the Year ended December 31, 2002, two clients accounted for substantially all commission income.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5. Property and Equipment:

Property and equipment is summarized as follows:

Computers & equipment \$2,982

Less: accumulated depreciation 2,982

\$ 0

6. Operating Lease:

The Company rents office facilities on a month-to-month basis at \$500 per month. Total rent expense was \$6,000 for the year ended December 31, 2002.

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15C 3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

DECEMBER 31, 2002

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL

Total capital and allowable subordinated liabilities		\$ 19,270
Deductions for non-allowable assets:		
Prepaid expenses		(3,123)
NET CAPITAL		\$ 16,147
Reconciliation with Company's computation (included in Part II of Form X-17A-5 as of December 31, 2002), as originally filed:		
Net capital, as reported in Company's Part II (unaudited)		\$ 16,288
Audit adjustments:		
Net adjustment to cash	\$ 48	
Increase in accrued income taxes	(189)	(141)
NET CAPITAL		\$ 16,147

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15C 3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

DECEMBER 31, 2002

COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

Net capital	\$ 16,147
Minimum net capital requirement:	
6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness or \$5,000, whichever is greater	5,000
EXCESS NET CAPITAL	\$ 11,147
EXCESS NET CAPITAL AT 1000%	\$ 11,424

COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS

Aggreg	ate indebtedness	\$ 47,232
Ratio:	Aggregate indebtedness to Net Capital	2.93 to 1

RAVID & BERNSTEIN LLP

Certified Public Accountants

- John V. Basso, CPA
- Mark T. Jason, CPA
- Phillip C. Ravid, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17A-5 FOR A BROKER-DEALER CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION FROM SEC RULE 15C3-3

Mr. Richard J. Rice March Capital Corp.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of March Capital Corp. ("Company") for the year ended December 31, 2002, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the consolidated financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following: (1) Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons (2) Recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13 (3) Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with the management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may

occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

The Company, because of its size and limited personnel, is unable to maintain an adequate separation of the various accounting functions. However, the shareholder has informed us that he exercises close oversight of accounting records daily, thus offsetting the lack of separation of duties. The study and evaluation disclosed no condition that we believed to be a material weakness.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2002, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Rajeal & Bearstein LLP

February 13, 2003